# SYSTEM EFFICIENCY THE NEXT BIG CHALLENGE



Karl M. Wojik, December 2013





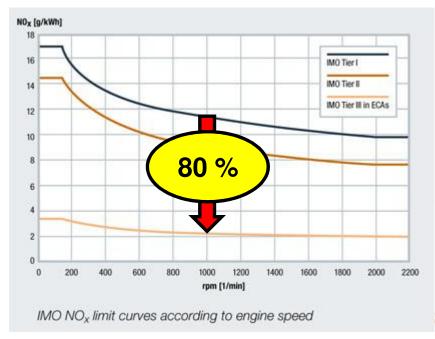


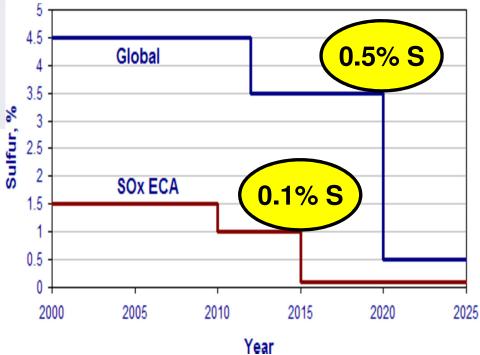




#### TODAY'S CHALLENGES LOW NOx AND LOW FUEL SULFUR

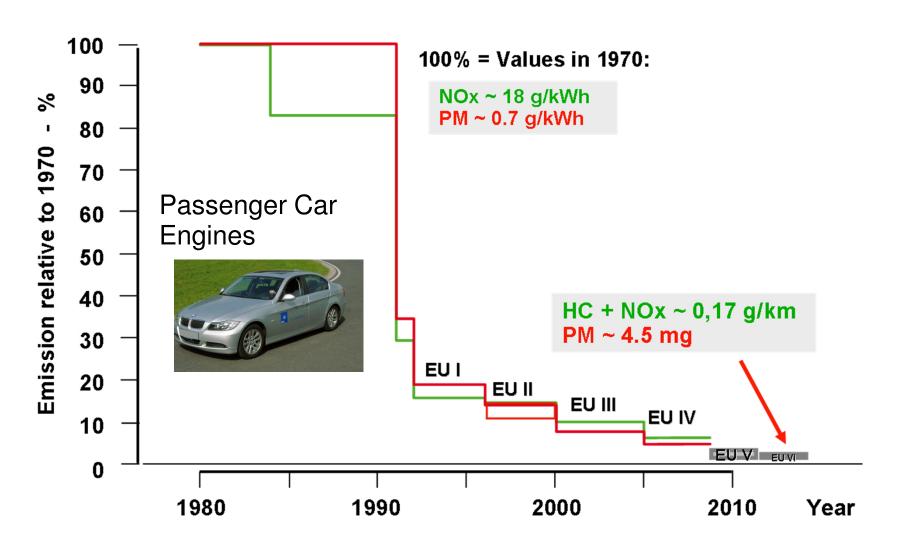






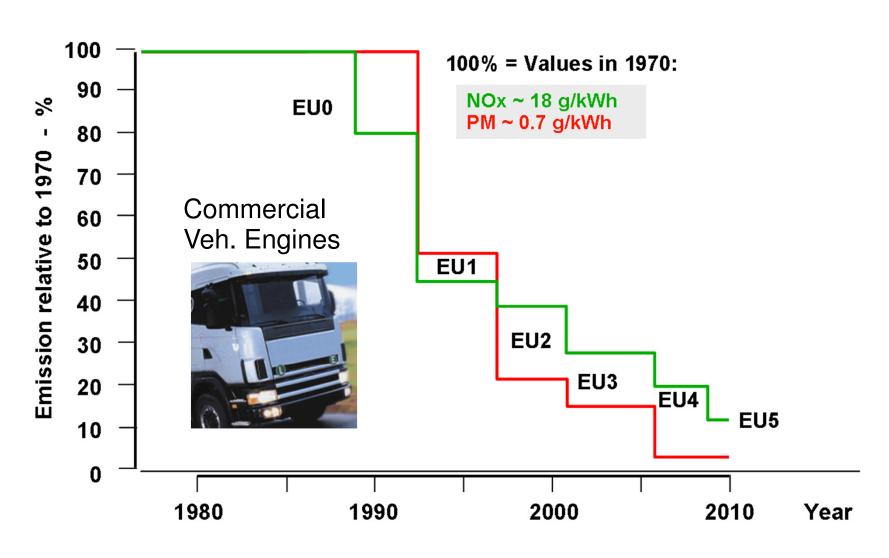
## HISTORY OF EMISSION LEGISLATION PASSENGER CAR >> TRUCK >> MARINE





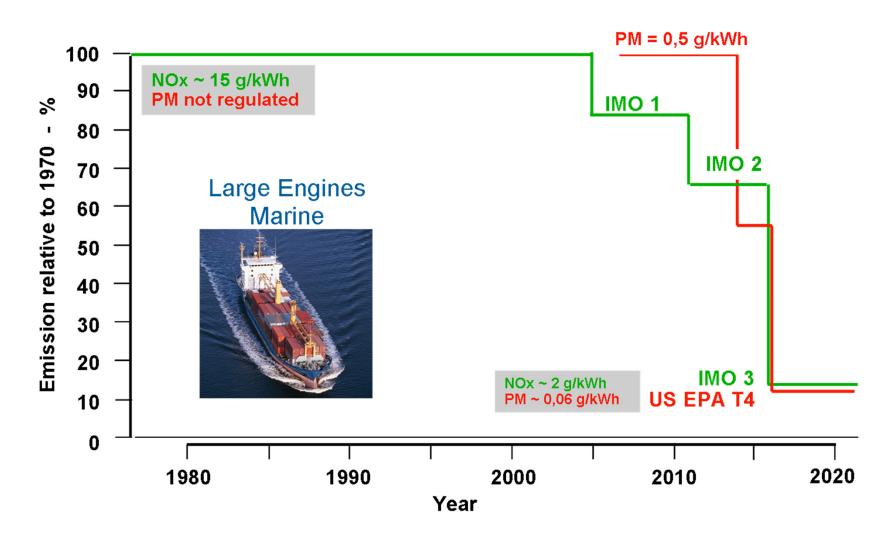
#### Emission Legislation Over Time Commercial Vehicle Engines





#### Emission Legislation Over Time Large Engines - Marine





# TOMORROW'S CHALLENGE HIGH ENERGY EFFICIENCY



Waste Heat Recovery

Noise & Vibration Reduction

Key Elements of System Integration Optimum Plant Layout



Auxiliary Engines Operation

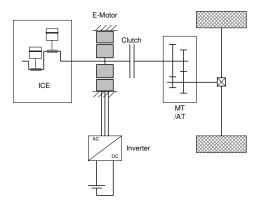
System Control and Management

Fuel, Lube Oil and Cooling Systems

#### **HYBRIDIZATION – 10 YEARS OF EXPERIENCE**



### **Parallel Hybrid**

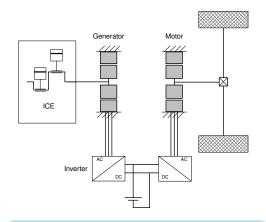


Direct Connection IC Engine → Wheels



Volvo I-SAM Hybrid

### **Serial Hybrid**

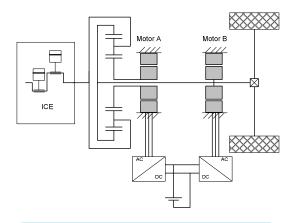


2 Energy conversions



ISE Siemens Hybrid

### **Powersplit Hybrid**



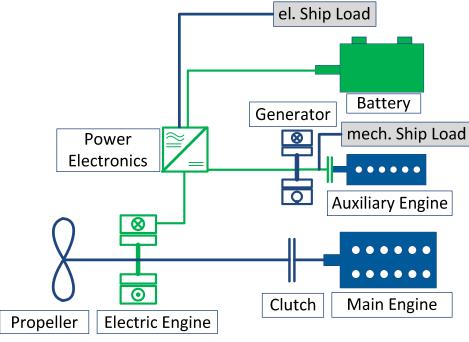
"Reactive Power" Flow New transmission required



Toyota Prius

#### HIGH EFFICIENCY: HYBRIDISATION OF TUG BOATS REDUCES EMISSIONS - SAVES OPERATING COSTS



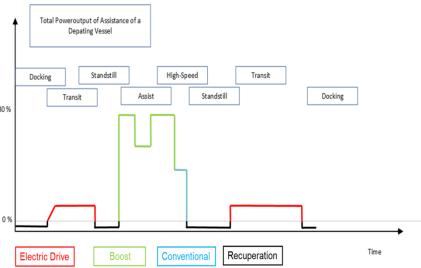


Tug Boat with annual operation of 300 days and 4200 operating hours and estimated 15% fuel reduction

- → saves 123 tons of MGO per year
- → saves 120.000 \$ per year

by hybrid technology

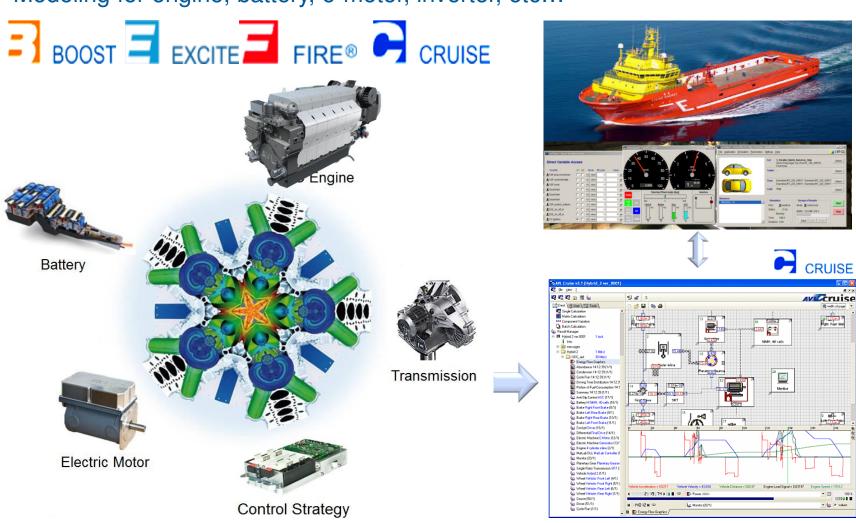




# SYSTEM INTEGRATION BY MODEL-BASED DEVELOPMENT

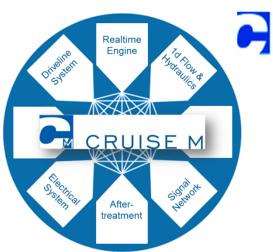


Modeling for engine, battery, e-motor, inverter, etc...









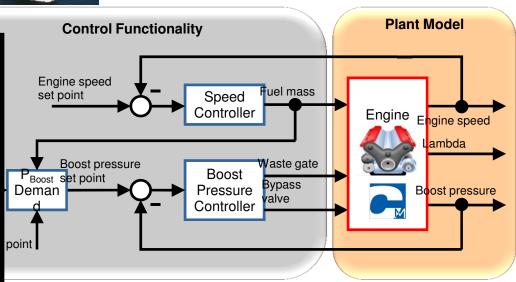
EPOS-Condition Monitoring
Model Based Development



#### leads to

- > OPTIMUM ROUTE PLANNING
- > LOWER FUEL CONSUMPTION
- > LOWER EMISSIONS











- > REDUCTION OF EMISSIONS
- > REDUCTION OF FUEL CONSUMPTION
- > REDUCTION OF CO2
- > REDUCTION OF OPERATING COSTS
- > ENVIRONMENTALLY COMPATIBLE ECONOMY